increase and Government should do something whereby to bring the litigation down as the same gives rise to inefficiency, bring indiscipline, lack of loyalty and an attitude of indifference amongst the employees ;

(b) if so, the action taken thereon ;

(c) what is the definition of 'trivial matters' ;

(d) the number of cases instituted against Government servants on such trivial matters ; and

(e) the steps taken to ensure that no case henceforth is instituted on trivial matters ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SMT. MARGARET ALVA) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The setting up of the Central Administrative Tribunal under the Administrative Tribunal Act, 1985 is a step in this direction. Besides, the Service Rules are under constant review keeping in view, among other things, the need to bring down litigation on service matters.

(c) to (e) 'Trivial matters' is not defined in the rules but will have the same meaning as in common parlance. As it is for the various disciplinary authorities to institute proceedings against Government servants, information about cases relating to trivial matters is not centrally available. Existing instructions, however, provide that special care should be taken to eliminate cases of a trivial nature and that it should be ensured that disciplinary proceedings are not instituted on grounds which are unjustified.

Members of National Land Use and Wasteland Development Council

@4015. DR. SHRIKANT RAMCHANDRA JICHKAR : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) what are the names of the present members of the National Land Use and Wasteland Development Council ;

(b) what are the main functions of this council ; and

(c) what is the major work done by this council during the last three years ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF WASTELANDS DEVELOPMENT) (COL. RAM SINGH) : (a) and (b) The composition of the National Land Use and Wastelands Development Council and the functions of the Council are given at statement I. (*See* below).

(c) The Council under the Chairmanship of Prime Minister is a policy making body. In its meeting held on 6-2-1986, the Council has issued policy directions which are being actively pursued by the National Land Use and Conservation Board under the Ministry of Agriculture and National Wastelands Development Board under the Ministry of Rural Development. A brief statement on the major activities carried out by the two Boards in pursuance of the policy guidelines of the Council is given at statement II.

@Previously Unstarred Question No. 2778 transferred from 16-3-1994.

Statement I

1. **Composition :**

(i) Prime Minister	— Chairman
(ii) Chief Ministers of all States/UTs.	— Members
(iii) Ministers/Ministers of State of the Central Ministries/ Departments of :	— Members
—Finance	
—Agriculture & Rural Development	
—Environment & Forests	
—Irrigation	
—Works and Housing	
—Railways	
—Industry, and	
—Education	
(iv) Deputy Chairman, Planning Commission	— Member
(v) Chairman, National Land Use and Conservation Board	— Member
(vi) Chairman, National Wastelands Development Board	— Member

2. **Role and Function :**

The Council is the highest policy planning and coordinating agency for all issues concerning the health and scientific management of the country's land resources. It oversees the work of the National Wastelands Developemnt Board and National Land Use and Conservation Board.

Statement-II

A. *National Land Use and Conservation Board :*

(a) Undertaken the preparation of Perspective Plan for Land Resources Conservation, Development and Management of the country, in consultation with State Governments.

(b) Initiated steps for the preparation of 'State Land Resources Perspective Plan'.

(c) The State Land Use Boards were strengthened and re-activated as an ongoing scheme.

(d) Organised training programmes for senior officers of State Governments, associated with Land Resources Management Programmes.

(e) Land & soil use surveys were undertaken for the preparation of a reliable data base.

(f) Awareness campaign was launched by the Board for promoting conservation of soil & water resources through use of different printed, visual and electronic media.

(g) Conducted evaluation studies of Soil Conservation Schemes in the catchments of River Valley Projects and Flood Prone Rivers in the States of Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, West Bengal, Rajasthan, Kerala & Tamil Nadu.

(h) Conducted evaluation studies on Control of Shifting cultivation in the states of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Mizoram and Nagaland.

(i) Conducted studies on reclamation of Alkaline and Saline soils in Haryana, Punjab and Uttar Pradesh.

B. *National Wastelands Development Board :*

National Wastelands Development Board was created in 1985 as part of the Ministry of Environment & Forests. In July, 1992 the Department of Wastelands Development was created and National Wastelands Development Board (NWDB) was restructured and transferred to the Department of Wastelands Development in the Ministry of Rural Development. During the period under discussion, the following activities among others were taken up by the NWDB in pursuance of policy directions.

(a) The Board is the nodal agency at the central level to coordinate and monitor afforestation/tree plantation activities under 20-Point Programme. The monitoring system was revised and the Board continued to monitor the Scheme. This work is now being done by the National Afforestation and Eco-Development Board under the Ministry of Environment & Forests. The progress of afforestation on wastelands through the various schemes of the State and Central Government for the last three years is given below :—

(Seedlings—Lakhs nos.)
(Area—hectare.)

Year	Physical target seedlings (Private lands)	Area	Physical achievement seedlings (Private lands)	Area
1991-92 . . .	25,000	5,50,000	12703.81	751714.71
1992-93 . . .	15,000	10,50,000	14194.81	1015714.10
1993-94 . . .	13,519	11,65,30,000	9349.84	809275.48

(b) Ministry of Environment & Forests on 1st June, 1990 issued a Circular to involve the people in the protection and management of degraded State Forests. This was a general circular and since then 14 State Governments have issued enabling executive directions under the various Acts of the State Government to implement this circular.

(c) The National Wastelands Development Board has been charged with the responsibility of taking up sustainable development of wastelands in non-forests areas. Towards this end, the Board has taken up the task of re-formulating all its schemes in order to make these schemes conform with the revised mandate of the Board.

(d) Involvement of people is one of the important planks of the activity of the Board. This is being done through the Grant-in-Aid Scheme which gives financial assistance to Non-Government Organisations as well as through involvement of people in the maintenance and management of assets created in the Village Commons through the Integrated Wastelands Development Project Scheme. Since the creation of the Department of Wastelands Development, the Board has approved 71 projects under the Integrated Wastelands Development Project Scheme and released Rs. 61.51 crores up to 31st March, 1994. Under the Grant-in-Aid Scheme, the Board has approved 146 projects and released Rs. 3.84 crore upto 31st March, 1994.

(e) The National Wastelands Development Board is in the process of working out a communication campaign to raise the level of awareness among the people on the issues involved about the development of wastelands and also to enthuse people to participate in the new schemes of the Board. The communication

campaign will also endeavour to educate the people about the new Technology Extension scheme of the Board and about the appropriate technologies from other institutions in the country.

लोक अभियान तथा ग्रामीण प्रौद्योगिकी समुन्नति (केपार्ट) द्वारा बिहार की स्वैच्छिक संस्थाओं के लिए धनराशि जारी किया जाना

4016. **श्री रामदेव भंडारी** : क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) बिहार के मधुबनी जिले में कार्यरत स्वैच्छिक संस्थाओं को लोक अभियान तथा ग्रामीण प्रौद्योगिकी समुन्नति (केपार्ट) द्वारा अभी तक कितनी धनराशि जारी की गई है ;

(ख) उन्हें जारी की गई धनराशियों का संस्था-वार, वर्ष-वार तथा योजना-वार ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ग) उन संस्थाओं के नाम क्या हैं जिनके विरूद्ध निधियों का दुरुपयोग किये जाने संबंधी शिकायतें प्राप्त हुई हैं ; और

(घ) सरकार द्वारा की गई कार्यवाही का ब्यौरा क्या है ?

ग्रामीण विकास मंत्रालय के ग्रामीण विकास विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री उत्तमभाई पटेल) : (क) 31-3-1994 तक लोक कार्यक्रम तथा ग्रामीण प्रौद्योगिकी विकास परिषद (केपार्ट) ने बिहार के मधुबनी जिले में स्वयंसेवी संगठनों को 97,95,405 रुपए की राशि रिलीज की है ।

(ख) संस्थावार, वर्ष-वार और योजनावार रिलीज की गई राशि के ब्यौरे दर्शाने वाला विवरण अनुपत्र मे दिया गया है । [**देखिए** परिशिष्ट 170, अनुपत्र सं 78]

(ग) और (घ) सामाजिक विकास संगठन, ग्राम पुरी, पो० ओ० बेला वाया, मेधयुपुर, जिला मधुबनी के विरूद्ध निधियों के दुरुपयोग की एक शिकायत प्राप्त हुई थी । इसकी जांच कराई गई । जांच अधिकारी की रिपोर्ट से पता चला है कि स्वयंसेवी एजेंसी ने कार्यक्रम को ठीक प्रकार से कार्यान्वित किया है । इसलिए और कोई कार्रवाई नहीं की गई थी ।

मध्य प्रदेश में ग्रामीण तथा जनजातीय युवकों को स्वनियोजन हेतु प्रशिक्षण

4017. **श्री विलीप सिंह जूदेव** : क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान स्वनियोजन हेतु ग्रामीण तथा जनजातीय युवकों को प्रशिक्षण देने की योजना के अंतर्गत निर्धारित लक्ष्य को मध्यप्रदेश में प्राप्त कर लिया गया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं;

(घ) वर्ष 1991-92, 1992-93, 1993-94 के दौरान तथा आज तक उक्त योजना के कार्यान्वियन के लिये कितनी धनराशि दी गई; और

(ङ) 1993-94 के वर्ष के लिये क्या लक्ष्य निर्धारित किया गया तथा उसे कहां तक प्राप्त किया गया है ?

ग्रामीण विकास मंत्रालय के ग्रामीण विकास विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री उत्तमभाई पटेल) : (क) से (ङ) ग्रामीण युवा स्वरोजगार प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम में यह व्यवस्था है कि प्रशिक्षित युवाओं में से कम से कम 50% युवा अनुसूचित जातियों और अनुसूचित जन-जातियों के समुदायों के होने चाहिए।

वर्ष 1991-92, 1992-93 और 1993-94 के लिए ग्रामीण युवा स्वरोजगार प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम के अंतर्गत मध्य प्रदेश में निर्धारित लक्ष्यों और उपलब्धियों के साथ-साथ युवा स्वरोजगार प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम के अंतर्गत योजना के कार्यान्वियन हेतु मुहैया कराई गई राशि के आवर्ती खर्चों की स्थिति संलग्न विवरण में दी गई है ।

विवरण

(रुपए लाख में)

वर्ष	लक्ष्य (प्रशिक्षित किए जाने वाले युवा)	उपलब्धि (प्रशिक्षित युवा)	प्रशिक्षित युवाओं में अनुसूचित जाति/अनुसूचित जनजाति की संख्या	रिलीज की गई केन्द्रीय सहायता (आवर्ती खर्च)
1	2	3	4	5
1991-92	33360	28921 (86.69%)	16747 (57.9%)	195.20
1992-93	22950	22156 (96.54%)	11999 (54.2%)	152.22
1993-94 (फरवरी 1994 तक)	44096	29624 (67.18%)	16285 (55.0%)	701.79